

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:00:59 ON 09 JUN 2009
L1 204990 S CONJUGATE OR PENDANT OR ATTACHMENT OR LINKER
L2 151514 S GLYCOSYLAT? OR POLYSACCHARIDE OR OLIGOSACCHARIDE
L3 2275 S REDUCING END
L4 68 S L1 AND L2 AND L3
L5 43 S L4 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:02:13 ON 09 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:08:56 ON 09 JUN 2009
L6 23093 S MALEIMIDE OR (VINYL SULFONE) OR IODOACETAMIDE OR (ORTHOPYRIDY
L7 0 S L5 AND L6

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:09:00 ON 09 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:12:16 ON 09 JUN 2009
L8 1 S L2 AND L3 AND L6

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:19:57 ON 08 JUN 2009
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 7 JUN 2009 HIGHEST RN 1153571-52-8
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 7 JUN 2009 HIGHEST RN 1153571-52-8

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 9, 2009.

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stn/gen/stndoc/properties.html>

=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10568111sialic.str



```

chain nodes :
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 29

ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6
chain bonds :
1-12 1-21 2-13 2-16 3-10 3-17 5-7 5-8 6-19 6-20 8-9 10-11 10-18 10-29
13-14 13-15 22-23 22-24 22-26 23-25
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6
exact/norm bonds :
1-2 1-6 1-12 2-3 2-13 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-8 8-9 10-11 10-29 13-14 22-26
exact bonds :
1-21 2-16 3-10 3-17 5-7 6-19 6-20 10-18 13-15 22-23 22-24 23-25

G1:H, [*1]

Match level :
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS
11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS
19:CLASS 20:CLASS

```

21:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 29:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s 11
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:20:10 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 795 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 795 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

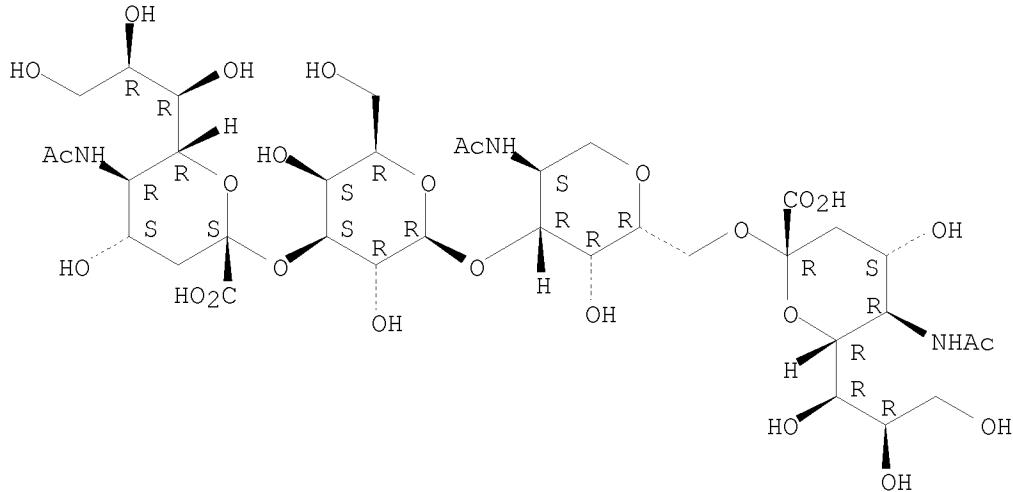
FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 14209 TO 17591
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 2318 TO 3802

L2 50 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> d 12 scan

L2 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
IN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED
MF C36 H59 N3 O26

Absolute stereochemistry.

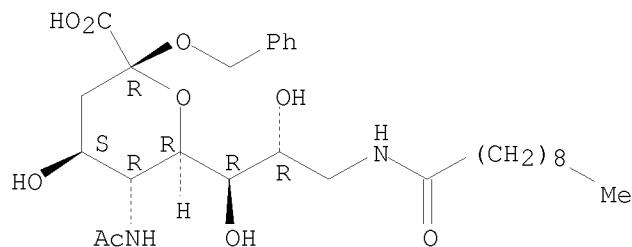


PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):3

L2 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
IN α -Neurameric acid, N-acetyl-9-deoxy-9-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]-2-O-
(phenylmethyl)-
MF C28 H44 N2 O9
CI COM

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

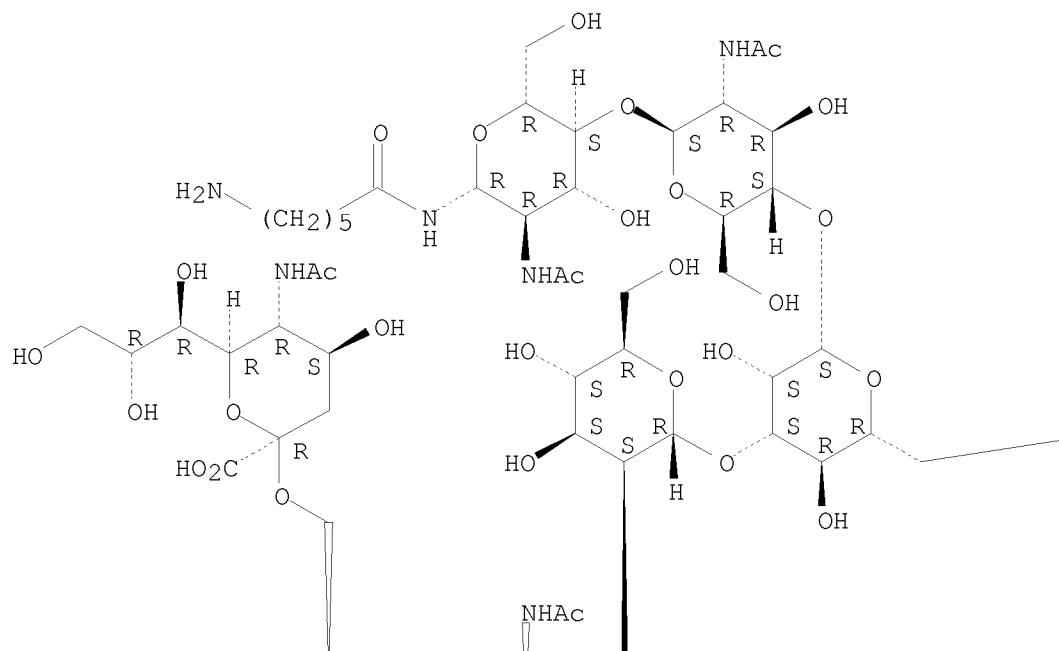


PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

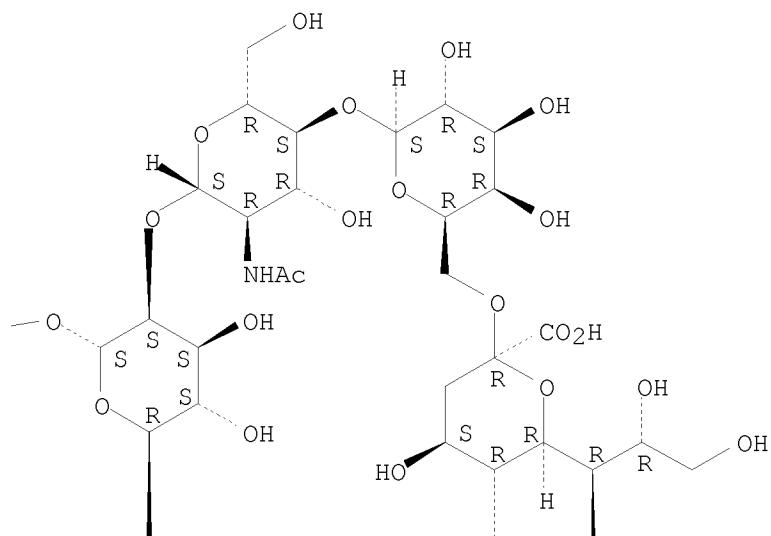
L2 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
IN Hexanamide, N-[O-(N-acetyl- α -neuraminosyl)-(2 \rightarrow 6)-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-O-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-O- α -D-mannopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)-O-[O-(N-acetyl- α -neuraminosyl)-(2 \rightarrow 6)-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-O-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-O-[O-(N-acetyl- α -neuraminosyl)-(2 \rightarrow 6)-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)]-O- β -D-mannopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-O-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl]-6-amino- (9CI)
MF C115 H190 N10 O80

Absolute stereochemistry.

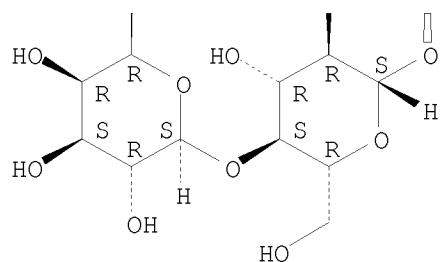
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A

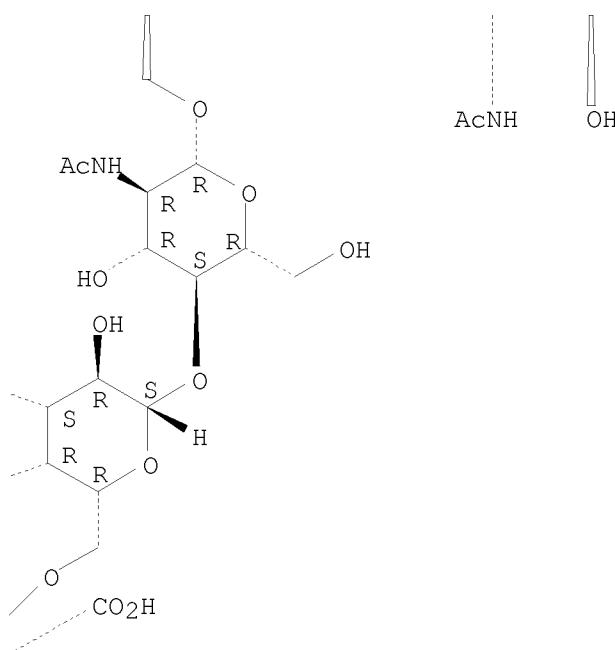


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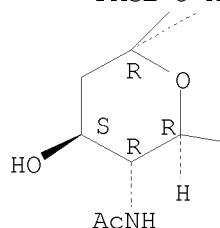
HO

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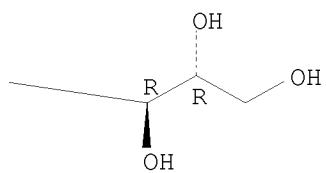
PAGE 2-B



PAGE 3-A



PAGE 3-B

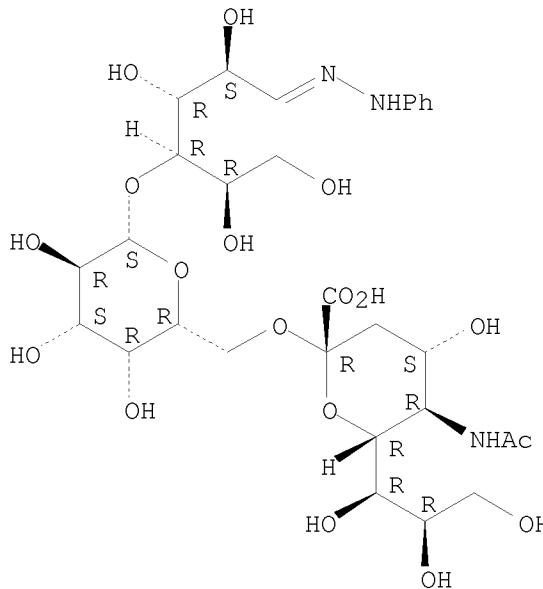


PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L2 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
IN D-Glucose, O-(N-acetyl- α -neuraminosyl)-(2 \rightarrow 6)-O- β -D-

galactopyranosyl-(1→4)-, 1-(phenylhydrazone) (9CI)
MF C29 H45 N3 O18

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=> log hold	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	1.44	1.66

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 16:21:29 ON 08 JUN 2009

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSPTAEX01623

PASSWORD:

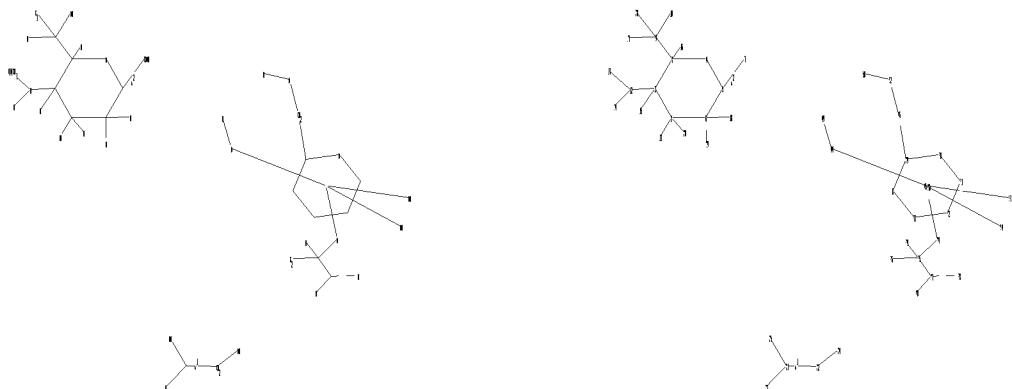
* * * * * RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL * * * * *
SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'REGISTRY' AT 16:32:53 ON 08 JUN 2009
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:32:53 ON 08 JUN 2009
COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 American Chemical Society (ACS)

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE ENTRY
TOTAL SESSION
1.44 1.66

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10568111sialicnot.str



chain nodes :

7 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 28 34 35
36 37 38 39 40 44 46 49 50 52 53 54

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 8 29 30 31 32 33

chain bonds :

1-11 1-20 2-12 2-15 3-9 3-16 5-7 6-18 6-19 9-10 9-17 9-28 12-13 12-14
21-22 21-23 21-25 22-24 29-46 34-35 35-36 35-37 35-39 37-38 37-40 44-49
46-52 50-52

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 8-33 8-29 29-30 30-31 31-32 32-33

exact/norm bonds :

1-2 1-6 1-11 2-3 2-12 3-4 4-5 5-6 8-33 8-29 9-10 9-28 12-13 21-25
29-30

30-31 31-32 32-33 34-35 35-36 37-38

exact bonds :

1-20 2-15 3-9 3-16 5-7 6-18 6-19 9-17 12-14 21-22 21-23 22-24 29-46
35-37 35-39 37-40 44-49 46-52 50-52

G1:H, [*1]

G2:H, CH2

G3:O, CH2

G4:H, [*2]

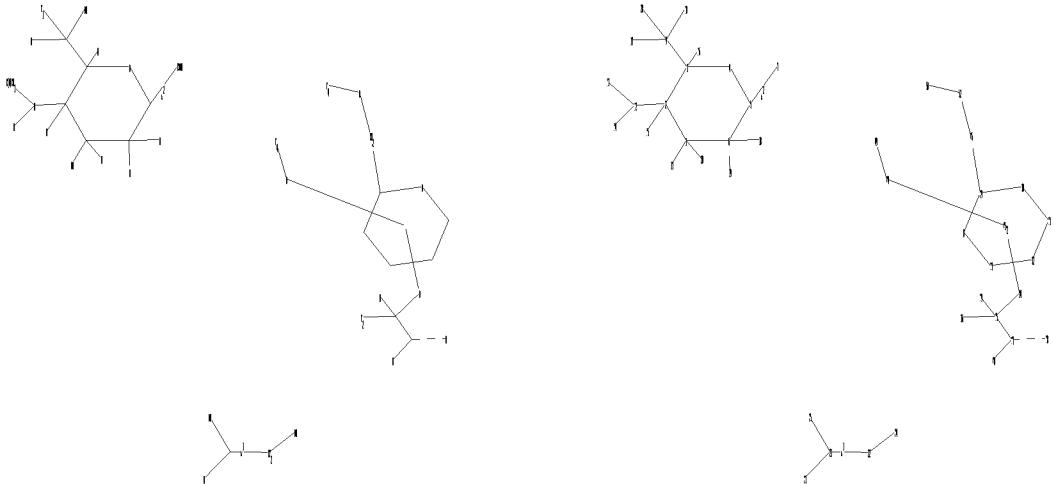
Match level :

1:Atom	2:Atom	3:Atom	4:Atom	5:Atom	6:Atom	7:CLASS	8:CLASS	9:CLASS	10:CLASS
11:CLASS	12:CLASS	13:CLASS	14:CLASS		15:CLASS	16:CLASS	17:CLASS	18:CLASS	
19:CLASS	20:CLASS								
21:CLASS	22:CLASS	23:CLASS	24:CLASS		25:CLASS	28:CLASS	29:Atom	30:Atom	
31:Atom	32:Atom								
33:Atom	34:CLASS	35:CLASS	36:CLASS	37:CLASS	38:CLASS	39:CLASS	40:CLASS		
42:CLASS	44:CLASS								
45:CLASS	46:CLASS	49:CLASS	50:CLASS	52:CLASS	53:CLASS	54:CLASS	55:CLASS		
56:CLASS									

L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=>

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chain nodes :

7	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	28	34	35
36	37	38	39	40	44	46	49	50	52											

ring nodes :

1	2	3	4	5	6	8	29	30	31	32	33									
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

chain bonds :

1-11	1-20	2-12	2-15	3-9	3-16	5-7	6-18	6-19	9-10	9-17	9-28	12-13	12-14							
21-22	21-23	21-25	22-24	29-46	34-35	35-36	35-37	35-39	37-38	37-40	44-49									
46-52	50-52																			

ring bonds :

1-2	1-6	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-6	8-33	8-29	29-30	30-31	31-32	32-33									
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	------	------	-------	-------	-------	-------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

exact/norm bonds :

1-2	1-6	1-11	2-3	2-12	3-4	4-5	5-6	8-33	8-29	9-10	9-28	12-13	21-25							
29-30																				

30-31	31-32	32-33	34-35	35-36	37-38	44-49	50-52													
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exact bonds :

1-20	2-15	3-9	3-16	5-7	6-18	6-19	9-17	12-14	21-22	21-23	22-24	29-46								
35-37	35-39	37-40	46-52																	

G1:H, [*1]

G2:H,CH2

G3:O,CH2

G4:H, [*2]

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS
11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS
19:CLASS 20:CLASS
21:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:Atom 30:Atom
31:Atom 32:Atom
33:Atom 34:CLASS 35:CLASS 36:CLASS 37:CLASS 38:CLASS 39:CLASS 40:CLASS
42:CLASS 44:CLASS
45:CLASS 46:CLASS 49:CLASS 50:CLASS 52:CLASS

L4 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s 14
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:33:33 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 6179 TO ITERATE

32.4% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 118867 TO 128293
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 9592 TO 12404

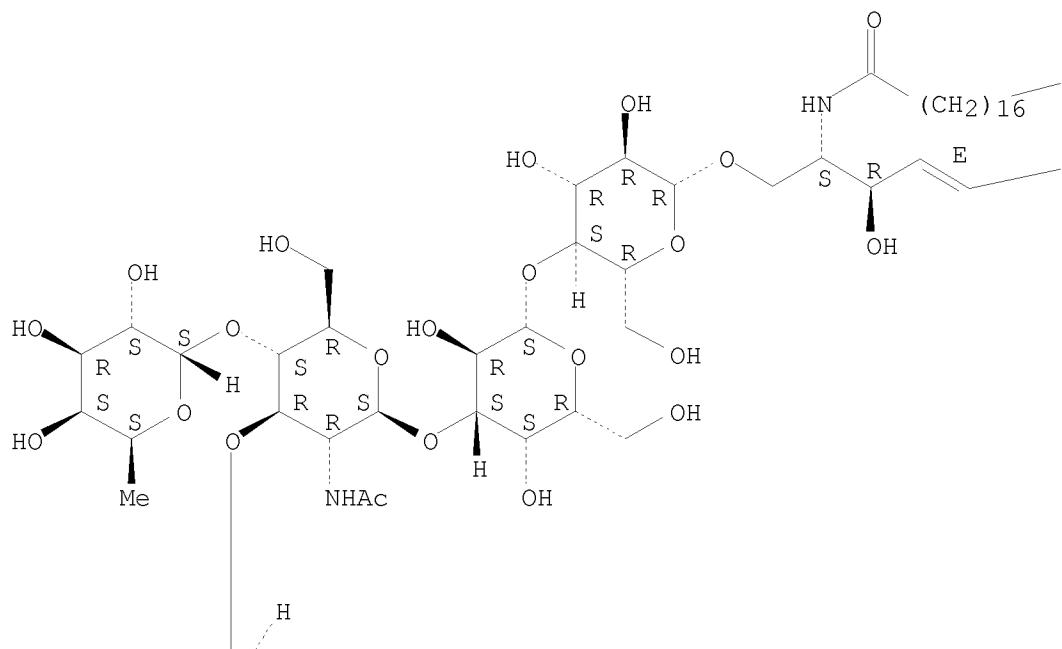
L5 50 SEA SSS SAM L4

=> d 15 scan

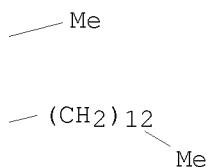
L5 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
IN Octadecanamide, N-[(1S,2R,3E)-1-[[[O-6-deoxy- α -L-galactopyranosyl-
(1 \rightarrow 4)-O-[β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)]-O-2-(acetylamino)-
2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-
(1 \rightarrow 4)- β -D-glucopyranosyl]oxy]methyl]-2-hydroxy-3-heptadecen-1-
yl]-
MF C68 H124 N2 O27

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

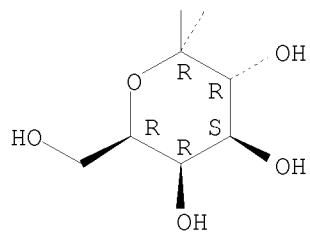
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):
Uploading

'UPLOAD SSTN' IS NOT VALID HERE

To display more answers, enter the number of answers you would like to see. To end the display, enter "NONE", "N", "0", or "END".

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):C:\Program

Files\STNEXP\Queries\10568111sialic3.str

YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):

'0 SZ' @-#&1~" J*' IS NOT VALID HERE

To display more answers, enter the number of answers you would like to see. To end the display, enter "NONE", "N", "0", or "END".

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):

'0 SZ' @-#&1~" J*' IS NOT VALID HERE

To display more answers, enter the number of answers you would like to see. To end the display, enter "NONE", "N", "0", or "END".

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):

'0 SZ' @-#&1~" J*' IS NOT VALID HERE

To display more answers, enter the number of answers you would like to see. To end the display, enter "NONE", "N", "0", or "END".

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):

'0 SZ' @-#&1~" J*' IS NOT VALID HERE

To display more answers, enter the number of answers you would like to see. To end the display, enter "NONE", "N", "0", or "END".

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):

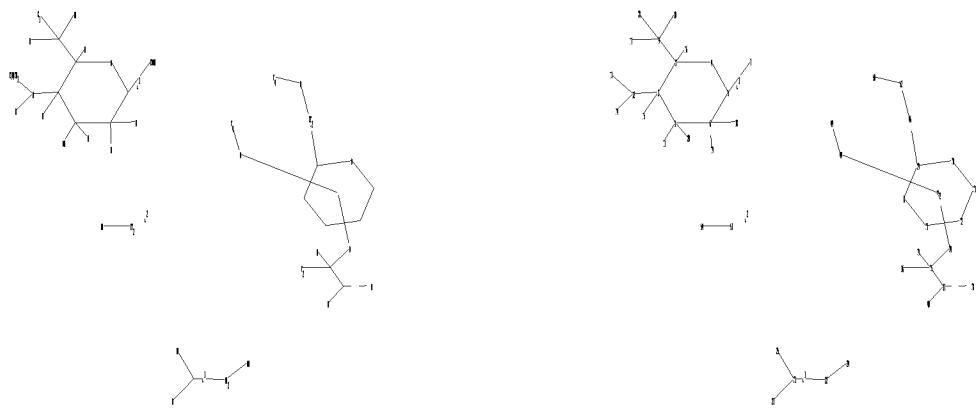
'0 SZ' @-#&1~" J*' IS NOT VALID HERE

To display more answers, enter the number of answers you would like to see. To end the display, enter "NONE", "N", "0", or "END".

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10568111sialic3.str



chain nodes :

7 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 28 34 35
36 37 38 39 40 44 46 49 50 52 53 54

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 8 29 30 31 32 33

chain bonds :

1-11 1-20 2-12 2-15 3-9 3-16 5-7 6-18 6-19 9-10 9-17 9-28 12-13 12-14
21-22 21-23 21-25 22-24 29-46 34-35 35-36 35-37 35-39 37-38 37-40 44-49
46-52 50-52
53-54

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 8-33 8-29 29-30 30-31 31-32 32-33

exact/norm bonds :

1-2 1-6 1-11 2-3 2-12 3-4 4-5 5-6 8-33 8-29 9-10 9-28 12-13 21-25
29-30

30-31 31-32 32-33 34-35 35-36 37-38 44-49 50-52

exact bonds :

1-20 2-15 3-9 3-16 5-7 6-18 6-19 9-17 12-14 21-22 21-23 22-24 29-46
35-37 35-39 37-40 46-52 53-54

G1:H, [*1]

G2:H, [*2]

G3:O,CH2

G4:H, [*3]

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS
11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS
19:CLASS 20:CLASS
21:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:Atom 30:Atom
31:Atom 32:Atom
33:Atom 34:CLASS 35:CLASS 36:CLASS 37:CLASS 38:CLASS 39:CLASS 40:CLASS
42:CLASS 44:CLASS
45:CLASS 46:CLASS 49:CLASS 50:CLASS 52:CLASS 53:CLASS 54:CLASS

L6 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s 16
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:36:10 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 6179 TO ITERATE

32.4% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 118867 TO 128293
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 9592 TO 12404

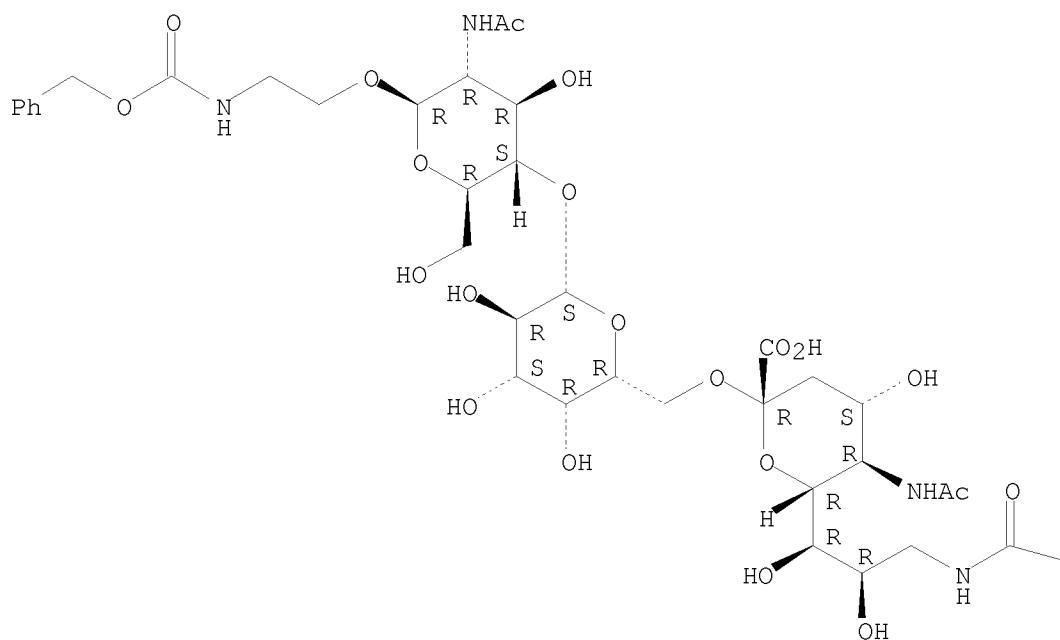
L7 50 SEA SSS SAM L6

=> d 17 scan

L7 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
IN Carbamic acid, N-[2-[[O-[N-acetyl-9-deoxy-9-[(3-methyl-1-oxobutyl)amino]-
α-neuraminosyl]-(2→6)-O-β-D-galactopyranosyl-
(1→4)-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranosyl]oxy]ethyl]-,
MF phenylmethyl ester
C40 H62 N4 O21

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

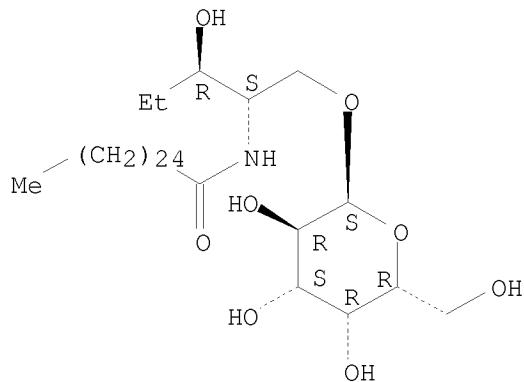
\ Bu-i

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):2

L7 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
IN D-erythro-Pentitol, 2,4,5-trideoxy-1-O- α -D-galactopyranosyl-2-[(1-oxohexacosyl)amino]-
MF C37 H73 N 08

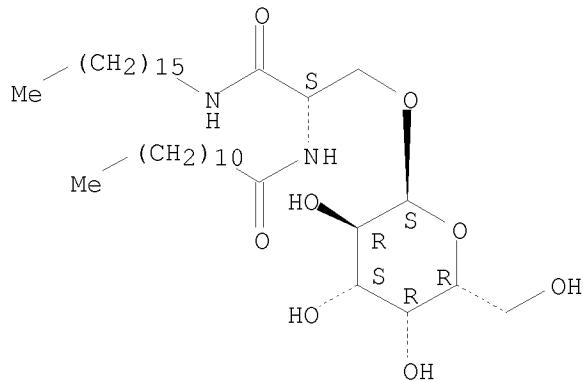
Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L7 50 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
IN Dodecanamide, N-[(1S)-1-[(α -D-galactopyranosyloxy)methyl]-2-(hexadecylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-
MF C37 H72 N 08

Absolute stereochemistry.

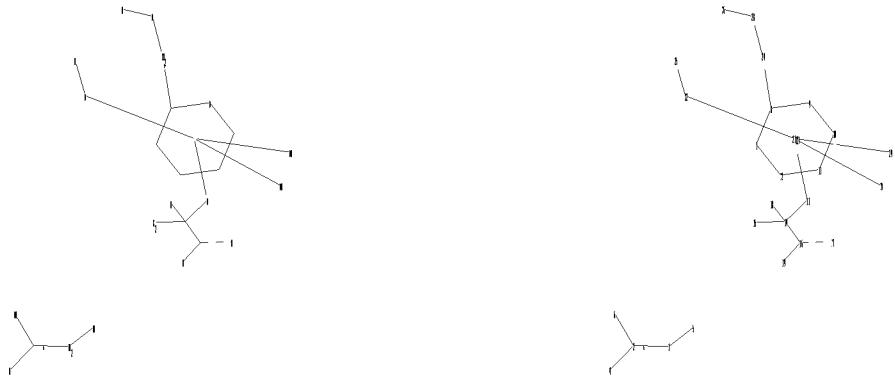


PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10568111sialicnot2.str



```

chain nodes :
2 3 4 5 6 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 22 24 25 26 28 29 30
ring nodes :
1 8 9 10 11 12
chain bonds :
2-3 2-4 2-6 3-5 8-24 13-14 14-15 14-16 14-18 16-17 16-19 22-25 24-28
26-28
ring bonds :
1-12 1-8 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12
exact/norm bonds :
1-12 1-8 2-6 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12 13-14 14-15 16-17
exact bonds :
2-3 2-4 3-5 8-24 14-16 14-18 16-19 22-25 24-28 26-28

```

G2:H,CH2

```

Match level :
1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom
11:Atom
12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS
21:CLASS 22:CLASS
23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS
32:CLASS

```

L8 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s 18
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:37:38 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1952 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1952 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

8 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 36390 TO 41690
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 8 TO 328

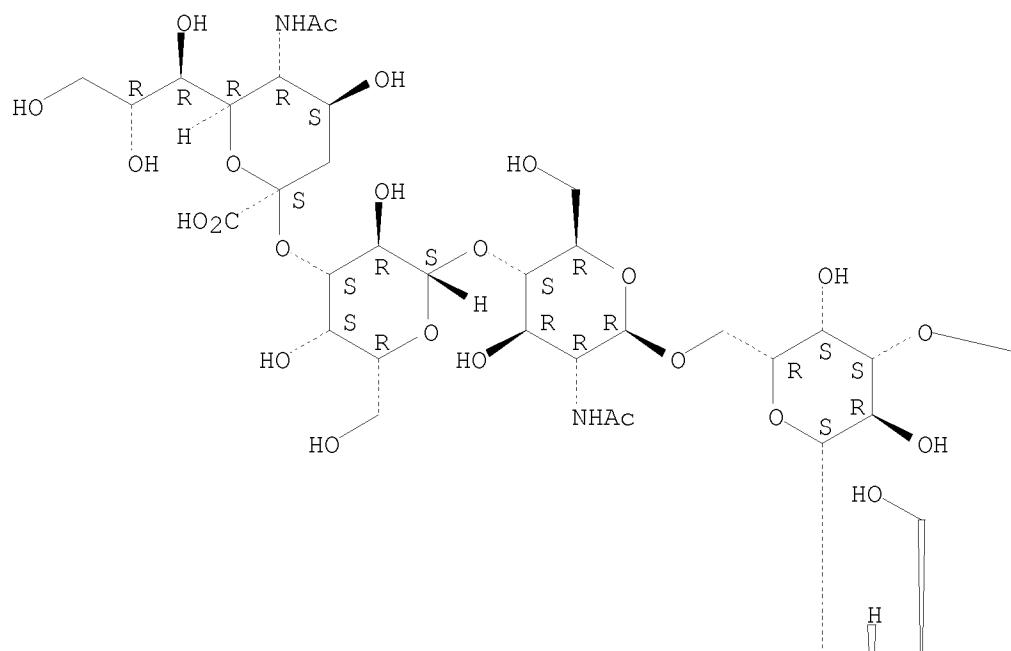
L9 8 SEA SSS SAM L8

=> d 19 scan

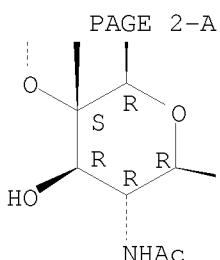
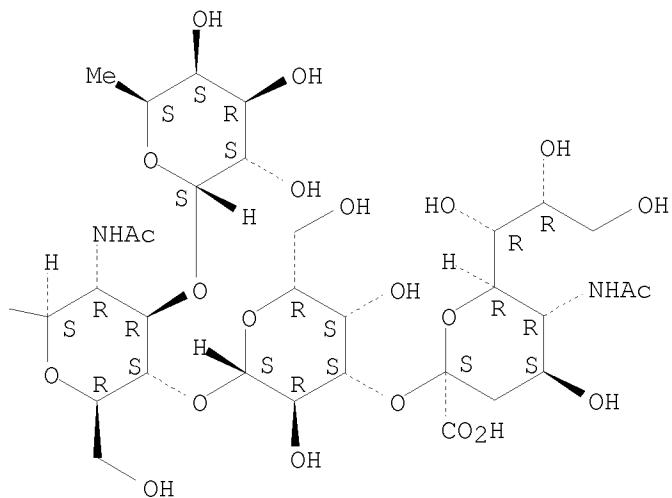
L9 8 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
IN D-Galactose, O-(N-acetyl- α -neuraminosyl)-(2 \rightarrow 3)-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-O-[6-deoxy- α -L-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)]-O-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)-O-[O-(N-acetyl- α -neuraminosyl)-(2 \rightarrow 3)-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)]-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-O-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-O-[β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)]-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy- (9CI)
MF C84 H138 N6 O61

Absolute stereochemistry.

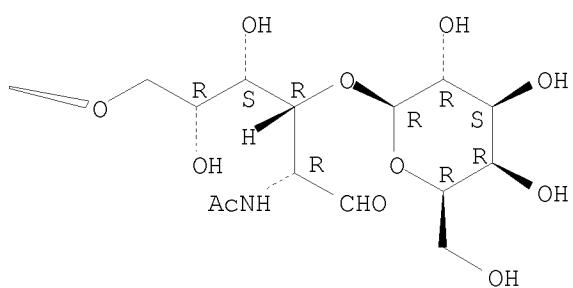
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-B



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 16:37:56 ON 08 JUN 2009

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:X

LOGINID:SSPTAEX01623

PASSWORD:

* * * * * RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL * * * * *

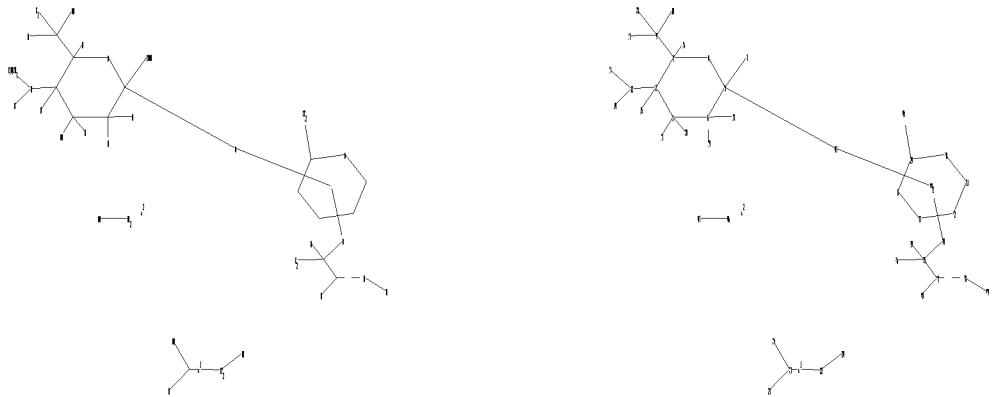
SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'REGISTRY' AT 16:39:11 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:39:11 ON 08 JUN 2009

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	5.76	5.98

=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\STNEXP\Queries\10568111sialic4.str



chain nodes :

7 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 28 34 35
36 37 38 39 40 43 45 46 47 49

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 8 29 30 31 32 33

chain bonds :

1-11 1-20 2-12 2-15 3-9 3-16 5-7 5-43 6-18 6-19 9-10 9-17 9-28 12-13
12-14 21-22 21-23 21-25 22-24 29-45 34-35 35-36 35-37 35-39 37-38 37-40
38-49 46-47

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 8-33 8-29 29-30 30-31 31-32 32-33

exact/norm bonds :

1-2 1-6 1-11 2-3 2-12 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-43 8-33 8-29 9-10 9-28 12-13 21-25
29-30 30-31 31-32 32-33 34-35 35-36 37-38 38-49

exact bonds :

1-20 2-15 3-9 3-16 5-7 6-18 6-19 9-17 12-14 21-22 21-23 22-24 29-45
35-37 35-39 37-40 46-47

G1:H, [*1]

G2:H, [*2]

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS
11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS
19:CLASS 20:CLASS
21:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:Atom 30:Atom
31:Atom 32:Atom
33:Atom 34:CLASS 35:CLASS 36:CLASS 37:CLASS 38:CLASS 39:CLASS 40:CLASS
42:CLASS 43:CLASS
44:CLASS 45:CLASS 46:CLASS 47:CLASS 49:CLASS

L10 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s l10
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:39:31 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 20 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 20 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 132 TO 668
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L11 0 SEA SSS SAM L10

=> s l10 sss full
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 16:40:14 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 321 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 321 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L12 0 SEA SSS FUL L10

=> file stnguide
'STNGUIDE' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME
SESSION CONTINUES IN FILE 'REGISTRY'
Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files
that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can
specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue
accessing the remaining file names entered.

=> file stnguide
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 192.12 192.34

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=> file hcplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.28 192.62

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:42:44 ON 08 JUN 2009
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 Jun 2009 VOL 150 ISS 24
FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Jun 2009 (20090607/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2009
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2009

HCAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s polysialic or colominic

823 POLYSIALIC
305 COLOMINIC
L13 1072 POLYSIALIC OR COLOMINIC

=> s conjugate or linker or (drug delivery) or pendant

78186 CONJUGATE
27794 LINKER
869285 DRUG
332506 DELIVERY
235006 DRUG DELIVERY
(DRUG(W)DELIVERY)
16972 PENDANT
L14 348355 CONJUGATE OR LINKER OR (DRUG DELIVERY) OR PENDANT

=> s maleimide or (vinyl sulfone) or iodoacetamide or vinylsulfone or (orthopyridyl disulfide)

15692 MALEIMIDE
447171 VINYL
43334 SULFONE
2506 VINYL SULFONE
(VINYL(W)SULFONE)
5158 IODOACETAMIDE
546 VINYLSULFONE
6 ORTHOPYRIDYL
121187 DISULFIDE

5 ORTHOPYRIDYL DISULFIDE
(ORTHOPYRIDYL(W)DISULFIDE)
L15 23501 MALEIMIDE OR (VINYL SULFONE) OR IODOACETAMIDE OR VINYLSULFONE
OR (ORTHOPYRIDYL DISULFIDE)

=> s 113 and 114 and 115

L16 3 L13 AND L14 AND L15

=> s 116 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

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4272526 PRY<2004

L17 2 L16 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

=> file stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	2.85	195.47

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:42:52 ON 08 JUN 2009
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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.

LAST RELOADED: Jun 5, 2009 (20090605/UP).

=> d 117 1-2 ti abs bib
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L17 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Fractionation of charged polysaccharide
AB Polydisperse and charged polysaccharides are fractionated into low polydispersity fractions (preferably having Mw/Mn<1.1), each containing species within a narrow range of mol. wts. An aqueous solution of the polydisperse polysaccharides is contacted with an ion exchange resin in a column and the polysaccharides are subjected to selective elution by aqueous elution buffer. The selective elution consists of at least 3 sequential elution buffers having different and constant ionic strength and/or pH and in which the subsequent buffers have ionic strength and/or pH than those of the preceding step. The new preps. are particularly suitable for the production of polysialic acid-derivatized therapeutic agents intended for use in humans and animals.

AN 2006:149931 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090608>>

DN 144:214631

TI Fractionation of charged polysaccharide

IN Jain, Sanjay; Papaioannou, Ioannis; Laing, Peter

PA Lipoxen Technologies Limited, UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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 LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA,
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 ZA, ZM, ZW
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
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 WO 2005016974 A1 20050224 WO 2004-GB3511 20040812 <--
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 CN 101039964 A 20070919 CN 2005-80034509 20050812
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 IN 2007DN01099 A 20070427 IN 2007-DN1099 20070209
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 PRAI WO 2004-GB3511 A 20040812
 EP 2005-251016 A 20050223
 EP 2003-254989 A 20030812 <--
 WO 2005-GB3149 W 20050812
 RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 TI Preparation of amino acid-containing poly-sialic acid derivatives used for
 drug delivery systems and their binding to proteins
 AB A poly-sialic acid compound is reacted with a hetero-bifunctional reagent to
 introduce a pendant functional group for site-specific
 conjugation to sulfhydryl groups, for instance side chains of cysteine
 units in drugs, drug delivery systems, proteins or
 peptides. The functional group is, for instance, an N-maleimide
 group. Thus, colominic acid derivs. were prepared and used for
 drug delivery systems and their binding to proteins.
 AN 2005:161032 HCPLUS <>LOGINID::20090608>>
 DN 142:261738
 TI Preparation of amino acid-containing poly-sialic acid derivatives used for
 drug delivery systems and their binding to proteins
 IN Hreczuk-Hirst, Dale Howard; Jain, Sanjay; Laing, Peter; Gregoriadis,
 Gregory; Papaioannou, Iaonnis
 PA Lipoxen Technologies Limited, UK
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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ES	2294535	T3	20080401	ES 2004-768054	20040812 <--
RU	2327703	C2	20080627	RU 2006-107545	20040812 <--
WO	2006016168	A2	20060216	WO 2005-GB3160	20050812
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CN	101039965	A	20070919	CN 2005-80034588	20050812
JP	2008510025	T	20080403	JP 2007-525356	20050812
KR	2006085329	A	20060726	KR 2006-702875	20060210 <--
IN	2006DN00903	A	20070810	IN 2006-DN903	20060221 <--
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	WO 2005-GB3160	W	20050812		
OS	CASREACT 142:261738;	MARPAT 142:261738			
RE.CNT	7	THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD			
		ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT			

=> file hcaplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
0.07 204.46

SINCE FILE TOTAL

	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-1.64

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 Jun 2009 VOL 150 ISS 24
FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Jun 2009 (20090607/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2009
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2009

HCAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

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=> s 113 and 114
L18 78 L13 AND L14

=> s 118 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)
24035559 PY<2004
4799838 AY<2004
4272526 PRY<2004
L19 42 L18 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	2.85	207.31
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-1.64

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS		

FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY 0.07	SESSION 207.38
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-1.64

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 Jun 2009 VOL 150 ISS 24
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Jun 2009 (20090607/ED)
 REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2009
 USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2009

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=> s 113 and 115
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=> s 120 not 116
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=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:19:50 ON 08 JUN 2009)

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 L4 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
 L5 50 S L4
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 L10 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
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 L12 0 S L10 SSS FULL

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:40:25 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:42:44 ON 08 JUN 2009

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L14 348355 S CONJUGATE OR LINKER OR (DRUG DELIVERY) OR PENDANT
L15 23501 S MALEIMIDE OR (VINYL SULFONE) OR IODOACETAMIDE OR VINYLSULFONE
L16 3 S L13 AND L14 AND L15
L17 2 S L16 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:42:52 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:43:09 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:43:10 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:43:32 ON 08 JUN 2009

L18 78 S L13 AND L14
L19 42 S L18 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:43:47 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:44:06 ON 08 JUN 2009

L20 3 S L13 AND L15
L21 0 S L20 NOT L16

=> log hold

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	2.85	210.23
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-1.64

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES

STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 16:44:28 ON 08 JUN 2009

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:X

LOGINID:SSPTAEX01623

PASSWORD:

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SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'HCAPLUS' AT 16:47:09 ON 08 JUN 2009
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:47:09 ON 08 JUN 2009
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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	2.85	210.23
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-1.64

=> s reducing end
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 627187 END
 L22 2275 REDUCING END
 (REDUCING(W)END)

=> s 119 and 122
 L23 1 L19 AND L22

=> d 123 ti abs bib

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 TI Sialic acid derivatives for protein derivatization and conjugation
 AB Derivs. are synthesized of starting materials, usually polysaccharides, having sialic acid at the reducing terminal end, in which the reducing terminal unit is transformed into an aldehyde group. Where the polysaccharide has a sialic acid unit at the non-reducing end it may be passivated, for instance by converting into hydroxyl-substituted moiety. The derivs. may be reacted with substrates, for instance containing amine or hydrazine groups, to form non-cross-linked polysialylated compds. The substrates may, for instance, be therapeutically useful drugs peptides or proteins or drug delivery systems. Insulin and polysialylated insulin were tested for their ability to reduce blood glucose level in normal female T/O outbred mice (22-24 g body weight).

AN 2005:158700 HCPLUS <<LOGINID::20090608>>

DN 142:240674

TI Sialic acid derivatives for protein derivatization and conjugation

IN Jain, Sanjay; Laing, Peter; Gregoriadis, Gregory; Hreczuk-Hrist, Dale Howard; Papaoannou, Yiannis

PA Lipoxen Technologies Limited, UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 3

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PI	WO 2005016974	A1	20050224	WO 2004-GB3511	20040812 <--
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EP	1654290	A1	20060510	EP 2004-768074	20040812 <--
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WO	2006016161	A1	20060216	WO 2005-GB3149	20050812
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 US 20070191597 A1 20070816 US 2006-568043 20061201 <--
 US 20080132696 A1 20080605 US 2007-660133 20070828
 PRAI EP 2003-254989 A 20030812 <--
 WO 2004-GB3511 W 20040812
 EP 2005-251016 A 20050223
 WO 2005-GB3149 W 20050812
 OS MARPAT 142:240674

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-0.82	-2.46	

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=> file hcaplus			
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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-2.46	

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:49:42 ON 08 JUN 2009
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 Jun 2009 VOL 150 ISS 24
FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Jun 2009 (20090607/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2009
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2009

HCAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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L24 78 L13 AND (L14 OR L15)

=> s protein or peptide or polypeptide or glycoprotein

2315027 PROTEIN
418900 PEPTIDE
112737 POLYPEPTIDE
110979 GLYCOPROTEIN

L25 2629522 PROTEIN OR PEPTIDE OR POLYPEPTIDE OR GLYCOPROTEIN

=> s conjugation or derivative or derivatized

54356 CONJUGATION
62679 DERIVATIVE
18422 DERIVATIZED

L26 134666 CONJUGATION OR DERIVATIVE OR DERIVATIZED

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L27 14 L24 AND L25 AND L26

=> s l27 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

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4272526 PRY<2004

L28 8 L27 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Jun 5, 2009 (20090605/UP).

=> d 128 1-8 ti abs bib
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L28 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Sialic acid derivatives
AB An amine or hydrazide derivative of a sialic acid unit, e.g. in a polysaccharide, is reacted with a bifunctional reagent at least one of the functionalities of which is an ester of N-hydroxy succinimide, to form an amide or hydrazide product. The product has a useful functionality, which allows it to be conjugated, for instance to proteins, drugs, drug delivery systems or the like. The process is of particular utility for derivatizing amine groups introduced in sialic acid terminal groups of polysialic acids.
AN 2006:152761 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090608>>
DN 144:214632
TI Sialic acid derivatives
IN Jain, Sanjay; Papaioannou, Ioannis; Thobhani, Smita
PA Lipoxen Technologies Limited, UK
SO PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2006016168	A2	20060216	WO 2005-GB3160	20050812
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WO 2006090119	A1	20060831	WO 2006-GB540	20060216
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EP 1853634	A1	20071114	EP 2006-709777	20060216
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CN 101160326	A	20080409	CN 2006-80012749	20071017
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WO 2005-GB3160	W	20050812		
WO 2006-GB540	W	20060216		

OS MARPAT 144:214632

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 TI Preparation of amino acid-containing poly-sialic acid derivatives used for drug delivery systems and their binding to proteins
 AB A poly-sialic acid compound is reacted with a hetero-bifunctional reagent to introduce a pendant functional group for site-specific conjugation to sulfhydryl groups, for instance side chains of cysteine units in drugs, drug delivery systems, proteins or peptides. The functional group is, for instance, an N-maleimide group. Thus, colominic acid derivs. were prepared and used for drug delivery systems and their binding to proteins.

AN 2005:161032 HCPLUS <<LOGINID::20090608>>

DN 142:261738

TI Preparation of amino acid-containing poly-sialic acid derivatives used for drug delivery systems and their binding to proteins

IN Hreczuk-Hirst, Dale Howard; Jain, Sanjay; Laing, Peter; Gregoriadis, Gregory; Papaioannou, Iaonnis

PA Lipoxen Technologies Limited, UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 3

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 EP 2005-251015 A 20050223
 WO 2005-GB3160 W 20050812
 OS CASREACT 142:261738; MARPAT 142:261738
 RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 TI Sialic acid derivatives for protein derivatization and
 conjugation
 AB Derivs. are synthesized of starting materials, usually polysaccharides,
 having sialic acid at the reducing terminal end, in which the reducing
 terminal unit is transformed into an aldehyde group. Where the
 polysaccharide has a sialic acid unit at the non-reducing end it may be
 passivated, for instance by converting into hydroxyl-substituted moiety.
 The derivs. may be reacted with substrates, for instance containing amine or
 hydrazine groups, to form non-cross-linked polysialylated compds. The

substrates may, for instance, be therapeutically useful drugs peptides or proteins or drug delivery systems. Insulin and polysialylated insulin were tested for their ability to reduce blood glucose level in normal female T/O outbred mice (22-24 g body weight).

AN 2005:158700 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090608>>
 DN 142:240674
 TI Sialic acid derivatives for protein derivatization and conjugation
 IN Jain, Sanjay; Laing, Peter; Gregoriadis, Gregory; Hreczuk-Hrist, Dale Howard; Papaoannou, Yiannis
 PA Lipoxen Technologies Limited, UK
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 3

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WO	2006016161	A1	20060216	WO 2005-GB3149	20050812
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OS MARPAT 142:240674
 RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Polysialylated insulin: synthesis, characterization and biological activity in vivo
AB Polysialic acids (PSA) (colominic acid; CA) of 22 and 39 kDa average mol. weight were oxidized with sodium periodate at carbon 7 of the nonreducing end to form an aldehyde group. The oxidized CAs (96-99% oxidation) were then reacted with the amino groups of recombinant human insulin at various CA/insulin molar ratios (25:1 to 150:1 range) for up to 48 h in the presence of sodium cyanoborohydride (reductive amination). Polysialylated insulin conjugates were precipitated (together with intact nonreacted insulin, if any) at time intervals from the reaction mixts. with ammonium sulfate, further purified by size exclusion chromatog. and/or ion exchange chromatog. (IEC), and the final conjugates assayed for PSA and protein. Results showed an initial rapid conjugation rate peaking at about 12 h, to form a plateau over a period of 12-48 h. Moreover, the extent of polysialylation (CA/insulin molar ratios in the conjugate) was dependent on the PSA used, the initial CA/insulin molar ratios in the reaction mixture and the time of the coupling reaction. Thus at 48 h of incubation, CA/insulin molar ratios in the conjugates were 1.60-1.74 for the 22-kDa CA and 2.37-2.45 for the 39-kDa CA. SDS-PAGE of intact insulin and insulin reacted with non-oxidized CA for 48 h revealed well-resolved single bands which migrated similar distances in the gel. On the other hand, polysialylated (22-kDa CA) insulin yielded multiple diffused bands suggesting heterogeneity as a result of differential polysialylation. The pharmacol. activity of polysialylated insulin was compared with that of intact insulin in normal female outbred T/O mice. After s.c. injection of intact insulin (0.3 units per mouse), blood glucose levels were reduced to nadir values at 1 h to return to normal at 3 h. In contrast, blood glucose levels in animals injected with polysialylated insulin (0.3 units or protein equivalence for polysialylated insulin), having attained nadir values also at 1 h, returned to normal levels after 6 h (39 kDa) and 9 h (22 kDa CA-insulin). It is concluded that polysialylation offers a promising strategy for the enhancement of the therapeutic value of insulin and other pharmacol. active peptides.

AN 2003:485968 HCPLUS <>LOGINID::20090608>>
DN 139:191811
TI Polysialylated insulin: synthesis, characterization and biological activity in vivo
AU Jain, Sanjay; Hreczuk-Hirst, Dale H.; McCormack, Brenda; Mital, Malini; Epenetos, Agamemnon; Laing, Peter; Gregoriadis, Gregory
CS Lipoxen Technologies Limited, London, UK
SO Biochimica et Biophysica Acta, General Subjects (2003), 1622(1), 42-49
CODEN: BBGSB3; ISSN: 0304-4165
PB Elsevier B.V.
DT Journal
LA English

RE.CNT 52 THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Serological and conformational properties of *E. coli* K92 capsular polysaccharide and its N-propionylated derivative both illustrate that induced antibody does not recognize extended epitopes of polysialic acid: implications for a comprehensive conjugate vaccine against groups B and C *N. meningitidis*
AB The capsular polysaccharide of *E. coli* K92 (K92P) contains elements in

common with the capsular polysaccharides of both groups B and C N. meningitidis, and may therefore form the basis of a bivalent vaccine. To augment the cross-protective immune response to group B meningococci, the N-acetyl groups of the K92P were replaced by N-propionyl groups (NPrK92P) and conjugated to protein. This strategy had previously been applied with success to the poorly immunogenic capsular polysaccharide of group B meningococcus (GBMP), and the bactericidal epitope was exclusively mimicked by extended helical segments of the NPrGBMP. The NPrK92P-conjugate, in relation to a K92P-conjugate, failed to enhance the response to GBMP but did generate a measurable response to NPrGBMP, but only at the expense of a greatly reduced GCMP response. Despite the presence of an immune response to NPrGBMP, the anti-NPrK92 serum was not bactericidal. Competitive inhibition studies with NPrGBMP oligosaccharides suggested the NPrK92 antibodies could not cross-react with the protective epitope on group B meningococci, as defined by extended helical segments of the NPrGBMP, but only recognized short non-bactericidal NPrGBMP epitopes. This hypothesis was supported from the conformational and mol. dynamics studies of the K92P, which demonstrated a lack of extended conformations that resemble the GBMP extended epitope. Indeed, the conformational properties of the K92P more closely resembled those of the GCMP, thereby explaining the observed moderate cross-protection of the K92P antiserum towards group C meningococci. Thus, K92P, regardless of N-propionyl modification, will not serve as an effective single vaccine component against both groups B and C meningococci.

AN 2002:790634 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090608>>
DN 138:54108
TI Serological and conformational properties of *E. coli* K92 capsular polysaccharide and its N-propionylated derivative both illustrate that induced antibody does not recognize extended epitopes of polysialic acid: implications for a comprehensive conjugate vaccine against groups B and C N. meningitidis
AU Pon, Robert A.; Khieu, Nam Huan; Yang, Qing-Ling; Brisson, Jean-Robert; Jennings, Harold J.
CS Institute of Biological Sciences, National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, ON, K1A 0R6, Can.
SO Canadian Journal of Chemistry (2002), 80(8), 1055-1063
CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042
PB National Research Council of Canada
DT Journal
LA English
RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Derivatization of proteins for prolonged circulation and enhanced storage stability
AB Proteins are derivatized by reaction of pendant groups, usually groups which are side chains in non-terminal amino acyl units of the protein, in aqueous reactions in the presence of a denaturant. The denaturant is preferably an amphiphilic compound, most preferably an anionic amphiphilic compound such as a long chain alkyl sulfate mono ester, preferably an alkaline metal salt, for instance sodium dodecyl sulfate. The degree of derivatization is increased, while the protein retains activity, such as enzyme activity. The increase in the degree of derivatization enhances the increase in circulation time in vivo and stability on storage in vitro. Preferably the derivatizing reagent is an aldehyde compound which reacts with primary amine groups, generally the epsilon-amino group of lysyl units. Derivatization is conducted under reducing conditions to generate a secondary amine derivative. For example, IgG was subjected to derivatization with polysialic acid (oxidized colominic acid) or monomethoxy poly(ethylene

glycol) succinimidyl succinate in the absence and presence of 10-3M sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS). The presence of SDS increased the level of derivatization for a PEG reagent as well as for a polysialic acid reagent. The PEG reagent gave a higher degree of substitution than the colominic acid reagent.

AN 2001:851191 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090608>>
DN 135:376868
TI Derivatization of proteins for prolonged circulation and enhanced storage stability
IN Gregoriadis, Gregory
PA Lipoxen Technologies Limited, UK
SO PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2001087922	A2	20011122	WO 2001-GB2115	20010514 <--
	WO 2001087922	A3	20030530		
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1335931	A2	20030820	EP 2001-931843		20010514 <--
EP 1335931	B1	20051221			
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP 2003533537	T	20031111	JP 2001-585141		20010514 <--
AT 313554	T	20060115	AT 2001-931843		20010514 <--
ES 2256234	T3	20060716	ES 2001-931843		20010514 <--
US 20030129159	A1	20030710	US 2002-276552		20021118 <--
US 6962972	B2	20051108			
PRAI EP 2000-304108	A	20000516	<--		
WO 2001-GB2115	W	20010514	<--		

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 7 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Bactericidal monoclonal antibodies that define unique meningococcal B polysaccharide epitopes that do not cross-react with human polysialic acid
AB The poor immunogenicity of the *Neisseria meningitidis* group B polysaccharide capsule, a homopolymer of $\alpha(2\rightarrow8)$ sialic acid, has been attributed to immunological tolerance induced by prenatal exposure to host polysialylated glycoproteins. Substitution of N-propionyl (N-Pr) for N-acetyl groups on the meningococcal B polysaccharide, and conjugation of the resulting polysaccharide to a protein carrier, have been reported to yield a conjugate vaccine that elicits protective Abs with minimal autoantibody activity. To characterize the protective epitopes on the derivatized polysaccharide, we isolated 30 anti-N-Pr meningococcal B polysaccharide mAbs. These Abs were heterogeneous with respect to complement-mediated bactericidal activity, fine antigenic specificity, and autoantibody activity as defined by binding to the neuroblastoma cell line, CHP-134,

which expresses long-chain $\alpha(2\rightarrow8)$ -linked polysialic acid. Eighteen of the Abs could activate complement-mediated bacteriolysis. Seven of these 18 Abs cross-reacted with N-acetyl meningococcal B polysaccharide by ELISA and had strong autoantibody activity. Thus, N-Pr meningococcal B polysaccharide conjugate vaccine has the potential to elicit autoantibodies. However, 7 of the 18 bactericidal mAbs had no detectable autoantibody activity. These Abs may be useful for the identification of mol. mimetics capable of eliciting protective Abs specific to the bacteria, without the risk of evoking autoimmune disease.

AN 1998:302506 HCPLUS <<LOGINID::20090608>>

DN 129:80386

OREF 129:16597a,16600a

TI Bactericidal monoclonal antibodies that define unique meningococcal B polysaccharide epitopes that do not cross-react with human polysialic acid

AU Granoff, Dan M.; Bartoloni, Antonella; Ricci, Stefano; Gallo, Eugenia; Rosa, Domenico; Ravenscroft, Neil; Guarnieri, Valentina; Seid, Robert C.; Shan, Asra; Usinger, William R.; Tan, Siqi; Mchugh, Yvonne E.; Moe, Gregory R.

CS Chiron Vaccines, Emeryville, CA, 94608, USA

SO Journal of Immunology (1998), 160(10), 5028-5036

CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767

PB American Association of Immunologists

DT Journal

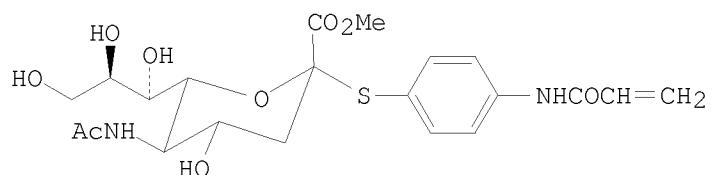
LA English

RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 8 OF 8 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Michael addition of poly-L-lysine to N-acryloylated sialosides. Syntheses of influenza A virus haemagglutinin inhibitor and Group B meningococcal polysaccharide vaccines

GI



AB N-acryloylated sialoside derivs., e.g. I, are directly conjugated to poly-L-lysine and protein carriers by the 1,4-conjugate addns. of their Ne -lysine residues to provide new glycoconjugates with potential therapeutic utilities.

AN 1993:255321 HCPLUS <<LOGINID::20090608>>

DN 118:255321

OREF 118:44393a,44396a

TI Michael addition of poly-L-lysine to N-acryloylated sialosides. Syntheses of influenza A virus haemagglutinin inhibitor and Group B meningococcal polysaccharide vaccines

AU Roy, Rene; Pon, Robert A.; Tropper, Francois D.; Andersson, Fredrik O.

CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Ottawa, Ottawa, ON, K1N 6N5, Can.

SO Journal of the Chemical Society, Chemical Communications (1986), (3), 264-5

CODEN: JCCCAT; ISSN: 0022-4936

DT Journal
LA English

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:19:50 ON 08 JUN 2009)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:19:57 ON 08 JUN 2009

L1 STRUCTURE uploaded
L2 50 S L1
L3 STRUCTURE uploaded
L4 STRUCTURE uploaded
L5 50 S L4
L6 STRUCTURE uploaded
L7 50 S L6
L8 STRUCTURE uploaded
L9 8 S L8
L10 STRUCTURE uploaded
L11 0 S L10
L12 0 S L10 SSS FULL

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:40:25 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:42:44 ON 08 JUN 2009

L13 1072 S POLYSIALIC OR COLOMINIC
L14 348355 S CONJUGATE OR LINKER OR (DRUG DELIVERY) OR PENDANT
L15 23501 S MALEIMIDE OR (VINYL SULFONE) OR IODOACETAMIDE OR VINYLSULFONE
L16 3 S L13 AND L14 AND L15
L17 2 S L16 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:42:52 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:43:09 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:43:10 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:43:32 ON 08 JUN 2009

L18 78 S L13 AND L14
L19 42 S L18 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:43:47 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:44:06 ON 08 JUN 2009

L20 3 S L13 AND L15
L21 0 S L20 NOT L16
L22 2275 S REDUCING END
L23 1 S L19 AND L22

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:47:33 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:49:42 ON 08 JUN 2009

L24 78 S L13 AND (L14 OR L15)
L25 2629522 S PROTEIN OR PEPTIDE OR POLYPEPTIDE OR GLYCOPROTEIN
L26 134666 S CONJUGATION OR DERIVATIVE OR DERIVATIZED
L27 14 S L24 AND L25 AND L26
L28 8 S L27 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:49:50 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:49:58 ON 08 JUN 2009

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:49:59 ON 08 JUN 2009

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                                ENTRY        SESSION
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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE      TOTAL
                                                ENTRY        SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE           0.00          -9.02
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NEWS 3 APR 03 CAS coverage of exemplified prophetic substances enhanced
NEWS 4 APR 07 STN is raising the limits on saved answers
NEWS 5 APR 24 CA/CAPLUS now has more comprehensive patent assignee information
NEWS 6 APR 26 USPATFULL and USPAT2 enhanced with patent assignment/reassignment information
NEWS 7 APR 28 CAS patent authority coverage expanded
NEWS 8 APR 28 ENCOMPLIT/ENCOMPLIT2 search fields enhanced
NEWS 9 APR 28 Limits doubled for structure searching in CAS REGISTRY
NEWS 10 MAY 08 STN Express, Version 8.4, now available
NEWS 11 MAY 11 STN on the Web enhanced
NEWS 12 MAY 11 BEILSTEIN substance information now available on STN Easy
NEWS 13 MAY 14 DGENE, PCTGEN and USGENE enhanced with increased limits for exact sequence match searches and introduction of free HIT display format
NEWS 14 MAY 15 INPADOCDB and INPAFAMDB enhanced with Chinese legal status data
NEWS 15 MAY 28 CAS databases on STN enhanced with NANO super role in records back to 1992
NEWS 16 JUN 01 CAS REGISTRY Source of Registration (SR) searching enhanced on STN

NEWS EXPRESS MAY 26 09 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.4,
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 06 APRIL 2009.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:00:47 ON 09 JUN 2009

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SESSION
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0.22

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 9 Jun 2009 VOL 150 ISS 24
FILE LAST UPDATED: 8 Jun 2009 (20090608/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2009
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2009

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=> S conjugate or pendant or attachment or linker
78201 CONJUGATE
16976 PENDANT
86719 ATTACHMENT
27805 LINKER
L] 204990 CONJUGATE OR PENDANT OR ATTACHMENT

=> s glycosylat? or polysaccharide or oligosaccharide
56180 GLYCOSYLAT?

70290 POLYSACCHARIDE
33459 OLIGOSACCHARIDE
L2 151514 GLYCOSYLAT? OR POLYSACCHARIDE OR OLIGOSACCHARIDE

=> s reducing end
447473 REDUCING
627393 END
L3 2275 REDUCING END
(REDUCING(W)END)

=> s l1 and l2 and l3
L4 68 L1 AND L2 AND L3

=> s l4 and (PY<2003 or AY<2003 or PRY<2003)
22984153 PY<2003
4507406 AY<2003
3976839 PRY<2003
L5 43 L4 AND (PY<2003 OR AY<2003 OR PRY<2003)

=> d 15 1-43 ti

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Amphiphilic starch and hydroxyethyl starch conjugates

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Synthesis of water-soluble antibiotic-polysaccharide conjugates for use with reduced toxicity

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Human airway mucin glycosylation: A combinatorial of carbohydrate determinants which vary in cystic fibrosis

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Towards a synthetic glycoconjugate vaccine against *Neisseria meningitidis* A

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Non-perturbing Fluorescent Labeling of Polysaccharides

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Neoglycoprotein cancer vaccines: synthesis of an azido derivative of GM3 and its efficient coupling to proteins through a new linker

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Solid phase syntheses of oligomannosides and of a lactosamine containing milk trisaccharide using a benzoate linker

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI A highly efficient synthetic strategy for polymeric support synthesis of Lex, Ley, and H-type 2 oligosaccharides

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI An efficient access to protected disialylated glycohexaosyl threonine present on the leukosialin of activated T-lymphocytes

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Oligosaccharide-based bifunctional molecules for binding and regulating selectins and methods for their screening

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI New Applications of the n-Pentenyl Glycoside Method in the Synthesis and

Immunoconjugation of Fucosyl GM1: A Highly Tumor-Specific Antigen Associated with Small Cell Lung Carcinoma

- L5 ANSWER 12 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Protein conjugates of synthetic saccharides elicit higher levels of serum IgG lipopolysaccharide antibodies in mice than do those of the O-specific polysaccharide from *Shigella dysenteriae* type 1
- L5 ANSWER 13 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Synthesis and serological characterization of L-glycero- α -D-manno-heptopyranose-containing di- and tri-saccharides of the non-reducing terminus of the *Escherichia coli* K-12 LPS core oligosaccharide
- L5 ANSWER 14 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Preparation of neoglycoproteins as drugs
- L5 ANSWER 15 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Plant protein improvements by Maillard-type-protein-polysaccharide conjugation and reconstitution of peptides with microbial transglutaminase
- L5 ANSWER 16 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI *Streptococcus pneumoniae* type 14 polysaccharide-conjugate vaccines: length stabilization of opsonophagocytic conformational polysaccharide epitopes
- L5 ANSWER 17 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Antigenic group B *Streptococcus* type II and type III polysaccharide fragments having a 2,5-anhydro-D-mannose terminal structure and conjugate vaccine thereof
- L5 ANSWER 18 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Exploration of the action pattern of *Streptomyces* hyaluronate lyase using high-resolution capillary electrophoresis
- L5 ANSWER 19 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Chitosan oligomer derivatives labeled with Gd-DTPA for use as magnetic resonance contrast agents
- L5 ANSWER 20 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI New methods for improving the functionality of egg white proteins
- L5 ANSWER 21 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI A new interpretation of the structure of the mycolyl-arabinogalactan complex of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* as revealed through characterization of oligoglycosylalditol fragments by fast-atom bombardment mass spectrometry and ^1H nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy
- L5 ANSWER 22 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Reversal of tyrosinamide-oligosaccharide derivatization by Edman degradation
- L5 ANSWER 23 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Lysine-glycosylated recombinant interleukin-2
- L5 ANSWER 24 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Effect of cell attachment and growth on the synthesis and fate of dolichol-linked oligosaccharides in Chinese hamster ovary cells
- L5 ANSWER 25 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Structures of sugar chains of hen egg yolk riboflavin-binding protein

- L5 ANSWER 26 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Improvement of emulsifying properties of egg white proteins by the attachment of polysaccharide through Maillard reaction in a dry state
- L5 ANSWER 27 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Electrophoresis-based sequencing of oligosaccharides
- L5 ANSWER 28 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI An oligosaccharide-tetanus toxoid conjugate vaccine against type III group B Streptococcus
- L5 ANSWER 29 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Hapten-protein conjugates with carbohydrate linkers and their use in antibody production and immunoassays
- L5 ANSWER 30 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Monoclonal antibody to a determinant of an oligosaccharide having a 2,5-anhydrohexose residue at the reducing terminus, a process for its preparation, and its use
- L5 ANSWER 31 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Antigenicity of dextran-protein conjugates in mice. Effect of molecular weight of the carbohydrate and comparison of two modes of coupling
- L5 ANSWER 32 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI The intrinsic affinity constant (K) of anticapsular antibody to oligosaccharides of Haemophilus influenzae type b
- L5 ANSWER 33 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Monoclonal antibodies specific for oligosaccharides prepared by partial nitrous acid deamination of heparin
- L5 ANSWER 34 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Immunogenic conjugates for vaccines against childhood diseases.
- L5 ANSWER 35 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Immunochemical characterization of polylysine conjugates containing reductively aminated cellulose oligosaccharides
- L5 ANSWER 36 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Synthesis of tetrasaccharides related to the O-specific determinants of Salmonella serogroups A, B and D1
- L5 ANSWER 37 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Synthesis of the branchpoint tetrasaccharide of the O-specific determinant of Salmonella serogroup B
- L5 ANSWER 38 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Mercury iodide as a catalyst in oligosaccharide synthesis
- L5 ANSWER 39 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Coupling of acid labile Salmonella specific oligosaccharides to macromolecular carriers
- L5 ANSWER 40 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Acetylated methylmannose polysaccharide of Streptomyces griseus
- L5 ANSWER 41 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Structure of the linkage region between the polysaccharide and

protein parts of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* mannan

L5 ANSWER 42 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Use of 1-(7-aminophenyl)flavazoles for the preparation of immunogens with oligosaccharide determinant groups

L5 ANSWER 43 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Preparation and structural studies of ovalbumin glycopeptides

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 9 Jun 2009 VOL 150 ISS 24

FILE LAST UPDATED: 8 Jun 2009 (20090608/ED)

REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2009

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2009

HCAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s maleimide or (vinyl sulfone) or iodoacetamide or (orthopyridyl disulfide)

| | |
|--------|---|
| 15695 | MALEIMIDE |
| 447232 | VINYL |
| 43339 | SULFONE |
| 2507 | VINYL SULFONE
(VINYL(W) SULFONE) |
| 5158 | IDOACETAMIDE |
| 6 | ORTHOPYRIDYL |
| 121204 | DISULFIDE |
| 5 | ORTHOPYRIDYL DISULFIDE
(ORTHOPYRIDYL(W) DISULFIDE) |
| L6 | 23093 MALEIMIDE OR (VINYL SULFONE) OR IODOACETAMIDE OR (ORTHOPYRIDYL DISULFIDE) |

=> s 15 and 16

L7 0 L5 AND L6

=> file stnguide

| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| FULL ESTIMATED COST | 2.85 | 25.88 |

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 09:09:00 ON 09 JUN 2009
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT
COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Jun 5, 2009 (20090605/UP).

| COST IN U.S. DOLLARS | SINCE FILE ENTRY | TOTAL SESSION |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------|
| FULL ESTIMATED COST | 0.35 | 26.23 |

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:12:16 ON 09 JUN 2009
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 9 Jun 2009 VOL 150 ISS 24
FILE LAST UPDATED: 8 Jun 2009 (20090608/ED)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2009
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2009

HCAplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d 15 1 2 4 10 11 12 14 15 17 23 26 28 39 42 ti abs bib

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Amphiphilic starch and hydroxyethyl starch conjugates
AB The title conjugates, useful for preparation of parenterally administered colloidal drug delivery systems, comprise lipophilic anchor groups selectively bound on the reducing end of polysaccharide chain. The reducing end group is activated by oxidation to lactone group and the lipophilic mol. is coupled via NH₂ group to the polysaccharide, e.g., by means of amidation or reductive amination. Thus, oxidation of hydroxyethyl starch (HES) (mol. weight 45,000 D) with 0.1 N iodine solution in H₂O, in the presence of NaOH, gave a HES lactone which was dissolved in H₂O and stirred overnight with H₂NCH₂CH₂NH₂·HCl and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylamino)propyl carbodiimide at pH 4.8. Stirring of the latter with cholesteryl chloroformate for 24 h in DMSO gave cholesteryl HES derivative which was dissolved in H₂O and emulsified with parenteral fat emulsion (Lipovenoes 10%) by use of ultrasound to give storage-stable HES-coated parenteral emulsion.
AN 2003:93118 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090609>>
DN 138:139077
TI Amphiphilic starch and hydroxyethyl starch conjugates
IN Sommermeyer, Klaus
PA Supramol Parenteral Colloids G.m.b.H., Germany
SO Ger. Offen., 4 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
DT Patent
LA German
FAN.CNT 1

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-----------------------|------|----------|------------------|--------------|
| ----- | ---- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| PI DE 10135694 | A1 | 20030206 | DE 2001-10135694 | 20010721 <-- |
| PRAI DE 2001-10135694 | | 20010721 | <-- | |
| OS MARPAT 138:139077 | | | | |

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Synthesis of water-soluble antibiotic-polysaccharide conjugates for use with reduced toxicity
AB The invention relates to novel pharmaceutical forms for amphotericin B, daunorubicin and doxorubicin, in which the known side effects (nephro- or cardiotoxicity) are reduced. The novel pharmaceutical forms are antibiotic-starch conjugates, wherein the antibiotic is combined with the polysaccharide at the reducing end thereof by means of a peptide bond formed between the reducing sugar and the antibiotic carbohydrate amine group. Thus, hydroxyethyl starch was oxidized using I₂, and the oxidized starch coupled with amphotericin B to form a water-soluble derivative. In vitro tests showed that the conjugate was hydrolyzed by a suspension of erythrocytes to provide free amphotericin B.
AN 2003:6000 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090609>>
DN 138:56190

TI Synthesis of water-soluble antibiotic-polysaccharide conjugates
for use with reduced toxicity

IN Sommermeyer, Klaus

PA Fresenius Kabi Deutschland GmbH, Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------|---|------|----------|------------------|--------------|
| PI | WO 2003000738 | A2 | 20030103 | WO 2002-EP6764 | 20020619 <-- |
| | WO 2003000738 | A3 | 20030828 | | |
| | W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,
GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| | DE 10129369 | C1 | 20030306 | DE 2001-10129369 | 20010621 <-- |
| | CA 2446205 | A1 | 20030103 | CA 2002-2446205 | 20020619 <-- |
| | AU 2002328294 | A1 | 20030108 | AU 2002-328294 | 20020619 <-- |
| | EP 1397162 | A2 | 20040317 | EP 2002-762293 | 20020619 <-- |
| | R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR | | | | |
| | JP 2004534086 | T | 20041111 | JP 2003-507141 | 20020619 <-- |
| | CN 1596129 | A | 20050316 | CN 2002-812195 | 20020619 <-- |
| | IN 2003CN02013 | A | 20060106 | IN 2003-CN2013 | 20031217 <-- |
| | US 20040180858 | A1 | 20040916 | US 2003-481597 | 20031219 <-- |
| | US 7115576 | B2 | 20061003 | | |
| PRAI | DE 2001-10129369 | A | 20010621 | <-- | |
| | WO 2002-EP6764 | W | 20020619 | <-- | |
| OS | MARPAT 138:56190 | | | | |

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Towards a synthetic glycoconjugate vaccine against Neisseria meningitidis
A

AB Albumin conjugates of synthetic fragments of the capsular polysaccharide of the Gram-neg. bacterium Neisseria meningitidis serogroup A were prepared. The fragments include monosaccharides α -D-ManpNAc-(1 \rightarrow 0)-(CH₂)₂NH₂ and 6-O-P(O)(O-)₂- α -D-ManpNAc-(1 \rightarrow 0)-(CH₂)₂NH₂, disaccharide α -D-ManpNAc-[1 \rightarrow 0-P(O)(O-)₆]- α -D-ManpNAc-(1 \rightarrow 0)-(CH₂)₂NH₂, and trisaccharide α -D-ManpNAc-[1 \rightarrow 0-P(O)(O-)₆]- α -D-ManpNAc-[1 \rightarrow 0-P(O)(O-)₆]- α -D-ManpNAc-(1 \rightarrow 0)-(CH₂)₂NH₂. Two monosaccharide blocks were employed as key intermediates. The reducing-end mannose unit featured the NHAc group at C-2, and contained the aminoethyl spacer as the aglycon for the final bioconjugation. The inter-residual phosphodiester linkages were fashioned from an anomERICALLY positioned H-phosphonate group in a 2-azido-mannose building block. The spacer-linked saccharides were N-acylated with hepta-4,6-dienoic acid and the resulting conjugated diene-equipped saccharides were subjected to Diels - Alder-type addition with maleimidobutyryl-group functionalized human serum albumin to form covalent

conjugates containing up to 26 saccharide haptens per albumin mol. Complete ¹H, ¹³C, and ³¹P NMR assignments are given. Antigenicity of the neoglycoconjugates was demonstrated by a double immunodiffusion assay which indicated that a fragment as small as a monosaccharide is recognized by a polyclonal meningococcus group A antiserum and that the O-acetyl group(s) present in the natural capsular material is not essential for antigenicity.

AN 2002:806294 HCPLUS <<LOGINID::20090609>>
DN 138:170432
TI Towards a synthetic glycoconjugate vaccine against *Neisseria meningitidis* A
AU Berkin, Ali; Coxon, Bruce; Pozsgay, Vince
CS Laboratory of Developmental and Molecular Immunity, National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD, 20892-2720, USA
SO Chemistry--A European Journal (2002), 8(19), 4424-4433
CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539
PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
DT Journal
LA English
OS CASREACT 138:170432
RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Oligosaccharide-based bifunctional molecules for binding and regulating selectins and methods for their screening
AB The present invention provides novel bifunctional compds. for regulation of cellular adhesion and proliferation. The bifunctional compds. include a cell-adhesion oligosaccharide attached to a linker group by the reducing end of the cell-adhesion oligosaccharide or by a primary hydroxyl group and said linker group also attached to a nucleoside cyclic-3'-5' monophosphate or analog through a heterocyclic base. Specific oligosaccharide and nucleoside cyclic-3'-5' monophosphate and linkers are presented. The bifunctional compound can also be used to regulate cell proliferation by contacting a therapeutically effective amount of the bifunctional compound with a selectin. A method for screening compds. or other adhesion mols. with agonistic or antagonistic activity to cell proliferation comprises contacting the test compound with a selectin in a cell culture and measuring the growth of the cells in the cell culture, wherein a compound with agonistic activity will show increased cell growth or adhesion, and a compound with antagonistic activity will show decreased cell growth or adhesion over normal one.

AN 1999:763879 HCPLUS <<LOGINID::20090609>>
DN 132:9016
TI Oligosaccharide-based bifunctional molecules for binding and regulating selectins and methods for their screening
IN Freidman, Jonathan
PA University of Houston, USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|----|--|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| PI | WO 9961033 | A1 | 19991202 | WO 1999-US11300 | 19990521 <-- |
| | W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP,
KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, | | | | |

MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,
TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
AU 9943105 A 19991213 AU 1999-43105 19990521 <--
PRAI US 1998-86442P P 19980522 <--
WO 1999-US11300 W 19990521 <--

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI New Applications of the n-Pentenyl Glycoside Method in the Synthesis and
Immunoconjugation of Fucosyl GM1: A Highly Tumor-Specific Antigen
Associated with Small Cell Lung Carcinoma
AB The synthesis of fucosyl GM1 pentenyl glycoside 1b, and its conjugation to
carrier protein KLH to give 1c is related. Bioconjugation of 1b was
realized using the pendant olefin contained in the
reducing end n-pentenyl glycoside (NPG). The key step
of the endeavor is a stereospecific [3+3] coupling reaction using our
sulfonamido glycosidation protocol. Pre-installation of the NPG was
required for an optimal [3+3] coupling yield and to allow for smooth
global deprotection. The synthesis and subsequent immuno-characterization
served to confirm the assigned structure of the natural tumor antigen.
Fully synthetic conjugate 1c advances our program toward the
goal of using a synthetic vaccine containing fucosyl GM1 as a potential target
for immune attack against small cell lung carcinoma.
AN 1999:718248 HCPLUS <>LOGINID::20090609>>
DN 132:122837
TI New Applications of the n-Pentenyl Glycoside Method in the Synthesis and
Immunoconjugation of Fucosyl GM1: A Highly Tumor-Specific Antigen
Associated with Small Cell Lung Carcinoma
AU Allen, Jennifer R.; Danishefsky, Samuel J.
CS Laboratory of Bioorganic Chemistry, Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer
Research, New York, NY, 10021, USA
SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (1999), 121(47),
10875-10882
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
PB American Chemical Society
DT Journal
LA English
OS CASREACT 132:122837
RE.CNT 65 THERE ARE 65 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Protein conjugates of synthetic saccharides elicit higher levels of serum
IgG lipopolysaccharide antibodies in mice than do those of the O-specific
polysaccharide from *Shigella dysenteriae* type 1
AB Our development of vaccines to prevent shigellosis is based on the
hypothesis that a critical (protective) level of serum IgG to the O-specific
polysaccharide (O-SP) domain of *Shigella* lipopolysaccharide (LPS)
confers immunity. The O-SP is a hapten and must be conjugated to a
protein to induce serum antibodies. The O-SP of *Shigella dysenteriae* type
1 (\approx 27 tetrasaccharide repeat units), prepared by acid hydrolysis of
the LPS, was bound to human serum albumin (HSA) by multiple point
attachment (O-SP-HSA): The molar ratio of HSA to O-SP was 1.0.
Synthetic saccharides, composed of one or multiples of the O-SP
tetrasaccharide, equipped with a spacer at their reducing
end, were bound to HSA by a single point attachment: The
average molar ratios of the saccharides to HSA ranged from 4 to 24. Serum IgG

anti-LPS, elicited in mice by O-SP-HSA or synthetic tetra-, octa-, dodeca-, and hexadecasaccharide fragments, was measured by ELISA. Outbred 6-wk-old female mice were injected s.c. three times at biweekly intervals with 2.5 µg of saccharide as a conjugate and were bled 7 days after the second and third injections. Excepting the tetramer, conjugates of the octamer, dodecamer and hexadecamer elicited IgG LPS antibodies after the second injection, a statistically significant rise (booster) after the third injection, and higher levels than those vaccinated with O-SP-HSA ($P = 0.0001$). The highest geometric mean levels of IgG anti-LPS were elicited by the hexadecamer with 9 chains or 9 mol of saccharide/HSA (15.5 ELISA units) followed by the octamer with 20 chains (11.1 ELISA units) and the dodecamer with 10 chains (9.52 ELISA units). Clin. evaluation of these synthetic saccharides bound to a medically useful carrier is planned.

AN 1999:306572 HCPLUS <<LOGINID::20090609>>

DN 131:114986

TI Protein conjugates of synthetic saccharides elicit higher levels of serum IgG lipopolysaccharide antibodies in mice than do those of the O-specific polysaccharide from *Shigella dysenteriae* type 1

AU Pozsgay, Vince; Chu, Chiayung; Pannell, Lewis; Wolfe, Jennifer; Robbins, John B.; Schnerson, Rachel

CS Laboratory of Developmental and Molecular Immunity, National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD, 20892-2720, USA

SO Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (1999), 96(9), 5194-5197

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

PB National Academy of Sciences

DT Journal

LA English

RE.CNT 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 14 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

TI Preparation of neoglycoproteins as drugs

AB Polyamide conjugates (structures specified) comprising either (a) a xenoantigenic group or (b) a biol. active group and a macromol., macro- or microscopic entity bound to a polyamide backbone, processes for their preparation and their use in therapeutic compns., specifically for removing xenoantigenic antibodies from a xenograft recipient are claimed. The xenoantigenic group may be derived from an oligosaccharide, e.g., di-, tri- and pentasaccharide terminating with an α -linked D-galactopyranose or N-glycoyl neuraminic acid at its reducing end. For example, a single dose (1 mg/kg) of a conjugate prepared by binding (3-benzoyloxy carbonylamino)propyl-6-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-2-tetrachlorophthalimido- β -D-glucopyranoside (4-step preparation given) to N-(chloroacetyl)poly-L-lysine (mol. weight 150,000-300,000) [preparation by N-acylation of the parent poly-L-lysine-HBr with (ClCH₂O)₂₀ given] provoked IgG decrease in antibody titer in cynomolgus monkeys from 1.6 (the starting titer) to 0 after 1 h and recovered to 0.31 after 72 h. After the 2nd dose the titer dropped to 0 after 1 h and recovered to 0.21 after 168 h, and after the 3d dose the titer was 0.18 after 264 h and 0.73 after 672 h.

AN 1998:709093 HCPLUS <<LOGINID::20090609>>

DN 129:331058

OREF 129:67530h, 67531a

TI Preparation of neoglycoproteins as drugs

IN Duthaler, Rudolf; Katopodis, Andreas; Kinzy, Willy; Ohrlein, Reinhold; Thoma, Gebhard

PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis-Erfindungen Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------|---|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| PI | WO 9847915 | A1 | 19981029 | WO 1998-EP2227 | 19980416 <-- |
| | W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW | | | | |
| | RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| | CA 2284729 | A1 | 19981029 | CA 1998-2284729 | 19980416 <-- |
| | AU 9876439 | A | 19981113 | AU 1998-76439 | 19980416 <-- |
| | AU 733282 | B2 | 20010510 | | |
| | EP 970114 | A1 | 20000112 | EP 1998-924125 | 19980416 <-- |
| | EP 970114 | B1 | 20060712 | | |
| | R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT | | | | |
| | JP 2001500528 | T | 20010116 | JP 1998-544969 | 19980416 <-- |
| | JP 3474583 | B2 | 20031208 | | |
| | CN 1185253 | C | 20050119 | CN 1998-804283 | 19980416 <-- |
| | AT 332918 | T | 20060815 | AT 1998-924125 | 19980416 <-- |
| | ES 2268776 | T3 | 20070316 | ES 1998-924125 | 19980416 <-- |
| | ZA 9803245 | A | 19981019 | ZA 1998-3245 | 19980417 <-- |
| | US 6399071 | B1 | 20020604 | US 1999-403111 | 19991014 <-- |
| | US 20020164347 | A1 | 20021107 | US 2002-123396 | 20020416 <-- |
| | US 6723831 | B2 | 20040420 | | |
| PRAI | EP 1997-810243 | A | 19970418 | <-- | |
| | EP 1997-810244 | A | 19970418 | <-- | |
| | GB 1998-2450 | A | 19980205 | <-- | |
| | WO 1998-EP2227 | W | 19980416 | <-- | |
| | US 1999-403111 | A1 | 19991014 | <-- | |

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 15 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Plant protein improvements by Maillard-type-protein-polysaccharide conjugation and reconstitution of peptides with microbial transglutaminase
AB The functional properties of soy protein and wheat gluten were greatly improved by covalent attachment with polysaccharide through a spontaneous Maillard reaction between .vepsiln.-amino groups in protein and a reducing-end carbonyl group in polysaccharide. They were also improved by the reconstitution of peptide fragments with microbial transglutaminase. These processes were effective as well in reducing the bitterness and allergenic structure of plant protein peptides.
AN 1998:546899 HCPLUS <>LOGINID::20090609>>
DN 129:289364
OREF 129:58965a,58968a
TI Plant protein improvements by Maillard-type-protein-polysaccharide conjugation and reconstitution of peptides with microbial transglutaminase
AU Kato, A.; Babiker, E. E.; Fujisawa, N.; Matsudomi, N.
CS Department of Biological Chemistry, Yamaguchi University, Yamaguchi, 753, Japan
SO Plant Proteins from European Crops (1998), 146-151. Editor(s): Gueguen, Jacques; Popineau, Yves. Publisher: Springer, Berlin, Germany.
CODEN: 66NVA8

DT Conference

LA English

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 17 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Antigenic group B Streptococcus type II and type III
polysaccharide fragments having a 2,5-anhydro-D-mannose terminal
structure and conjugate vaccine thereof
AB The process for depolymg. Group B types II and III Streptococcus is
disclosed which results in polysaccharide fragments having a
reducing end suitable for conjugating to protein.
Conjugate mols., vaccines and their use to immunize mammals
including humans are disclosed.

AN 1997:119215 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090609>>

DN 126:130588

OREF 126:25225a,25228a

TI Antigenic group B Streptococcus type II and type III
polysaccharide fragments having a 2,5-anhydro-D-mannose terminal
structure and conjugate vaccine thereof

IN Michon, Francis; Catherine, Dong; Joseph, Y. Tai

PA North American Vaccine, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------|--|------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| PI | WO 9640795 | A1 | 19961219 | WO 1996-US9294 | 19960606 <-- |
| | W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT,
LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
SG, SI | | | | |
| | RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML | | | | |
| | US 6284884 | B1 | 20010904 | US 1995-481883 | 19950607 <-- |
| | CA 2223080 | A1 | 19961219 | CA 1996-2223080 | 19960606 <-- |
| | CA 2223080 | C | 20070320 | | |
| | AU 9660953 | A | 19961230 | AU 1996-60953 | 19960606 <-- |
| | AU 706479 | B2 | 19990617 | | |
| | EP 830380 | A1 | 19980325 | EP 1996-918253 | 19960606 <-- |
| | EP 830380 | B1 | 20030402 | | |
| | R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, IE, FI | | | | |
| | HU 9900919 | A2 | 19990628 | HU 1999-919 | 19960606 <-- |
| | HU 9900919 | A3 | 20000428 | | |
| | JP 11507964 | T | 19990713 | JP 1997-501648 | 19960606 <-- |
| | JP 4001625 | B2 | 20071031 | | |
| | AT 236194 | T | 20030415 | AT 1996-918253 | 19960606 <-- |
| | ES 2200067 | T3 | 20040301 | ES 1996-918253 | 19960606 <-- |
| | PL 187822 | B1 | 20041029 | PL 1996-323822 | 19960606 <-- |
| | ZA 9604822 | A | 19970107 | ZA 1996-4822 | 19960607 <-- |
| | IL 118603 | A | 20001206 | IL 1996-118603 | 19960607 <-- |
| | IL 136125 | A | 20060801 | IL 1996-136125 | 19960607 <-- |
| | NO 9705546 | A | 19980206 | NO 1997-5546 | 19971202 <-- |
| | US 6372222 | B1 | 20020416 | US 1998-25225 | 19980218 <-- |
| | US 20020031526 | A1 | 20020314 | US 2001-861131 | 20010518 <-- |
| | US 6602508 | B2 | 20030805 | | |
| PRAI | US 1995-481883 | A | 19950607 <-- | | |
| | WO 1996-US9294 | W | 19960606 <-- | | |
| | IL 1996-118603 | A3 | 19960607 <-- | | |

US 1998-25225 A3 19980218 <--
RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 23 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Lysine-glycosylated recombinant interleukin-2
AB The title protein, the carbohydrate moiety of which is added by chemical means, is claimed. The carbohydrate moiety may be a mono- or oligosaccharide. The glycosylation method comprises attachment of an ω -methoxycarbonylalkanol to the reducing end of the sugar followed by reaction with hydrazine. The sugar acyl hydrazide so produced can be coupled to the protein in aqueous solution in the presence of dioxane, NaNO₂ or t-Bu nitrite and HCl, or in DMF. Many glycosylated IL-2 proteins were prepared in this fashion. These derivs. were more soluble in water than the nonglycosylated IL-2 and they retained their biol. activity. Several glycosylated IL-2 proteins lost most of their T lymphocyte-activating ability while retaining most or all of their ability to enhance natural killer cell and lymphokine-activated killer cell activity.

AN 1994:480970 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090609>>
DN 121:80970
OREF 121:14555a,14558a
TI Lysine-glycosylated recombinant interleukin-2
IN Linna, Timo J.; Sabesan, Subramaniam
PA du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA
SO U.S., 17 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent
LA English

FAN.CNT 1

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------|----------------|------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| PI | US 5312903 | A | 19940517 | US 1990-531970 | 19900601 <-- |
| PRAI | US 1990-531970 | | 19900601 <-- | | |

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 26 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Improvement of emulsifying properties of egg white proteins by the attachment of polysaccharide through Maillard reaction in a dry state
AB Dried egg white (DEW) was covalently attached to polysaccharide (galactomannan) in a controlled dry state (60°, 79% relative humidity) through the Maillard reaction between the ϵ -amino groups in the protein and the reducing-end carbonyl residue in the polysaccharide. The resulting protein-polysaccharide conjugate had excellent emulsifying properties superior to those of com. emulsifiers, especially at acidic pH and high salt concentration. The safety of the conjugate was confirmed by using mammalian cells. The growth-promoting activity of the DEW-galactomannan conjugate on CV-1 cells was the same as that of untreated egg white (Zou, C. et al., 1991). Thus, DEW-polysaccharide conjugates may be useful as novel macromol. food ingredients.

AN 1993:190284 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090609>>

DN 118:190284

OREF 118:32667a,32670a

TI Improvement of emulsifying properties of egg white proteins by the attachment of polysaccharide through Maillard reaction

AU in a dry state
AU Kato, Akio; Minaki, Kazuaki; Kobayashi, Kunihiko
CS Fac. Agric., Yamaguchi Univ., Yamaguchi, 753, Japan
SO Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (1993), 41(4), 540-3
CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561
DT Journal
LA English

L5 ANSWER 28 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI An oligosaccharide-tetanus toxoid conjugate vaccine
against type III group B Streptococcus
AB An oligosaccharide-tetanus toxoid conjugate vaccine
was developed against type III group B Streptococcus. Purified group B
streptococcal type III capsular polysaccharide was depolymerd. by
enzymic digestion using endo- β -galactosidase produced by *Citrobacter*
freundii. Following enzymic digestion, oligosaccharides were fractionated
by gel filtration chromatog. on Sephadex G-75. An oligosaccharide
pool of average mol. weight 14,500 (corresponding to 13.6 repeating units of
the
type III polysaccharide) was used for conjugation to tetanus
toxoid. Tetanus toxoid was covalently coupled via a synthetic spacer mol.
to the reducing end of the oligosaccharide
by reductive amination. The oligosaccharide-tetanus toxoid
conjugate elicited type III-specific anticapsular antibodies
(measured in ELISA) in 3 out of 3 rabbits whereas the unconjugated native
type III polysaccharide was nonimmunogenic. Antiserum from
rabbits vaccinated with the oligosaccharide-protein
conjugate protected mice against lethal challenge with live group
B streptococci (16 out of 16 mice survived) and opsonized group B
streptococci for phagocytosis in vitro. No protection was conferred by
preimmune serum nor by serum from rabbits vaccinated with unconjugated
native type III polysaccharide. An oligosaccharide
-protein conjugate vaccine of this design may prove to be an
effective immunogen for protection against group B streptococcal infection
in humans. In addition, the approach to vaccine design utilized in these
studies will facilitate further definition of the structural parameters
that determine immune response to glycoconjugate vaccines.

AN 1991:4512 HCAPLUS <>LOGINID::20090609>>
DN 114:4512
OREF 114:911a,914a
TI An oligosaccharide-tetanus toxoid conjugate vaccine
against type III group B Streptococcus
AU Paoletti, Lawrence C.; Kasper, Dennis L.; Michon, Francis; DiFabio, Jose;
Holme, Kevin; Jennings, Harold J.; Wessels, Michael R.
CS Channing Lab., Brigham and Women's Hosp., Boston, MA, 02115, USA
SO Journal of Biological Chemistry (1990), 265(30), 18278-83
CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258
DT Journal
LA English

L5 ANSWER 39 OF 43 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Coupling of acid labile *Salmonella* specific oligosaccharides to
macromolecular carriers
AB A coupling method for covalent attachment of acid labile
oligosaccharides isolated from *S. typhimurium* O-polysaccharide
to macromol. carriers is described. Arylamine groups were introduced into
the terminal reducing end of oligosaccharides by
reacting them with 2-(4-aminophenyl)-ethylamine. After subsequent
conversion to the corresponding saccharide-phenylisothiocyanato derivs.,
saccharides were covalently linked to free ϵ -lysylamine groups of
different carrier proteins. The resulting conjugates were highly

immunogenic and elicited in rabbits both anti-haptenic and anti-carrier protein specific antibodies. This coupling procedure can be used with oligosaccharides containing highly acid or alkali labile structures and (or) glycosidic linkages, it produces conjugates with high degrees of substitution at low saccharide/protein molar input ratios, it does not grossly affect the immunogenic specificities of the carrier protein, and it is suitable for preparation of highly substituted affinity columns, e.g., coupling to a polyacrylamide matrix.

AN 1979:202024 HCPLUS <>LOGINID::20090609>>
DN 90:202024
OREF 90:32129a,32132a
TI Coupling of acid labile *Salmonella* specific oligosaccharides to macromolecular carriers
AU Svenson, S. B.; Lindberg, A. A.
CS Dep. Bacteriol., Natl. Bacteriol. Lab., Stockholm, Swed.
SO Journal of Immunological Methods (1979), 25(4), 323-35
CODEN: JIMMBG; ISSN: 0022-1759
DT Journal
LA English

L5 ANSWER 42 OF 43 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
TI Use of 1-(7-aminophenyl)flavazoles for the preparation of immunogens with oligosaccharide determinant groups
AB Immunogens with oligosaccharide determinant groups, prepared by conversion of the sugar into its 1-(m-aminophenyl)flavazole and subsequent azo-coupling to protein, were elaborated with various oligosaccharides of the isomaltose-, maltose-, and cellobiose- series. Unsubstituted hydroxyl groups on positions 2 and 3 adjacent to the reducing end of the sugar were required, and the method appeared especially suited for oligosaccharides having a polymerization degree between 3 and 8. The procedure did not necessitate protection of the sugar hydroxyl groups. Oligosaccharide-flavazole-azo-edestin conjugates were tested for immunogenicity in rabbits and specific anti-oligosaccharide antibodies were formed in all cases. High titers of dextran-specific antibodies were obtained upon immunization with an isomaltoheptaose-flavazole-azo-edestin conjugate. Further applications of the method were discussed.
AN 1971:461385 HCPLUS <>LOGINID::20090609>>
DN 75:61385
OREF 75:9711a,9714a
TI Use of 1-(7-aminophenyl)flavazoles for the preparation of immunogens with oligosaccharide determinant groups
AU Himmelsbach, K.; Westphal, O.; Teichmann, B.
CS Max-Planck-Inst. Immunbiol., Freiburg/Br., Fed. Rep. Ger.
SO European Journal of Immunology (1971), 1(2), 106-12
CODEN: EJIMAF; ISSN: 0014-2980
DT Journal
LA English

=> s 12 and 13 and 16

L8 1 L2 AND L3 AND L6

=> s 19 and (PY<2004 or AY<2004 or PRY<2004)

L9 NOT FOUND

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L8 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 TI Synthesis and immunological properties of a tetrasaccharide portion of the B side chain of rhamnogalacturonan II (RG-II)
 AB A highly convergent strategy was used for the synthesis of a tetrasaccharide [3-aminopropyl β -L-arabinofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)- α -L- rhamnopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-[α -L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)]- α -L-arabinopyranoside] portion of the B side chain of the plant cell-wall pectic polysaccharide rhamnogalacturonan II (RG-II). The terminal nonreducing β -L-arabinofuranosyl residue of the target compound was installed by using an arabinofuranosyl donor that was protected with a 3,5-O-(di-tert-butyldisilane) group to facilitate nucleophilic attack from the β -face. The synthetic strategy also employed a chemoselective glycosylation of a trichloroacetimidate donor with a thioglycosyl acceptor; this gave a product that could be used immediately in a subsequent glycosylation. The reducing end of the tetrasaccharide contained an aminopropyl group to facilitate conjugation to keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH) and bovine serum albumin (BSA). Mice that were immunized with a KLH-tetrasaccharide conjugate produced antibodies that recognized RG-II isolated from *Arabidopsis thaliana* cell walls, but did not recognize RG-II obtained from red wine. Our data suggest that the arabinopyranosyl residue exists in the 4C1 conformation in the tetrasaccharide and in *A. thaliana* RG-II, whereas it has the 1C4 conformation in wine RG-II. It is proposed that differences in the conformation of side chain B might account for the ability of antibodies to discriminate between RG-II that was isolated from *Arabidopsis* and wine.
 AN 2008:521237 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20090609>>
 DN 150:191766
 TI Synthesis and immunological properties of a tetrasaccharide portion of the B side chain of rhamnogalacturonan II (RG-II)
 AU Rao, Yu; Buskas, Therese; Albert, Anathea; O'Neill, Malcolm A.; Hahn, Michael G.; Boons, Geert-Jan
 CS Complex Carbohydrate Research Center, The University of Georgia, Athens, GA, 30602, USA
 SO ChemBioChem (2008), 9(3), 381-388
 CODEN: CBCHXF; ISSN: 1439-4227
 PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
 DT Journal
 LA English

RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
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